Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Third Quarter ended November 30, 2024

Unaudited

(Expressed in Canadian dollars except as otherwise stated)

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

	November 30, 2024	February 29, 2024
Assets		
Current:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,306,499	\$ 1,353,065
Digital currencies (Note 8)	19,092,295	9,612,743
Prepaid expenses	118,142	16,367
	20,516,936	10,982,175
Non-Current:		
Intangible assets (Note 5)	466,923	606,827
Property and equipment (Note 6)	3,310	503
Restricted cash	60,760	61,330
	\$ 21,047,929	\$ 11,650,835
Liabilities and Equity		
Current:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 61,178	\$ 248,016
	61,178	248,016
Shareholders' equity		
Capital stock (Note 7(b))	60,302,852	57,683,004
Contributed surplus (Note 7(g))	9,357,308	8,842,882
Accumulated other comprehensive income	9,656,860	2,747,746
Deficit	(58,330,269)	(57,870,813)
	20,986,751	11,402,819
	\$ 21,047,929	\$ 11,650,835

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)

Subsequent events (13)

See accompanying notes.

These financial statements are authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on January 29, 2025.

"Giuseppe (Pino) Perone"	D: 1
Giuseppe (Pino) Perone	.Director
"Ashley Garnot"	Director
Ashley Garnot	.Director

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Comprehensive Income (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

	Three Months Ended November 30,			Nine Months Er November 3				
		2024		2023		2024		2023
Revenue	\$	2,736	\$	-	\$	4,005	\$	-
General and administrative expenses								
Amortization of intangible assets		34,359		257,600		139,904		772,800
Amortization of property and equipment		354		499		1,448		1,498
Audit and accounting		12,600		11,250		68,325		42,250
Bank charges		623		506		1,673		1,618
Consulting fees		54,288		13,732		127,616		40,309
Legal		3,950		1,426		9,371		13,009
Marketing		32,643		27,930		132,709		139,705
Office and administration		15,513		14,177		45,300		30,759
Office rent		3,150		3,000		9,450		9,000
Research and development		65,402		58,533		199,028		186,115
Salaries and benefits		50,140		50,120		150,418		150,359
Stock-based compensation		103,795		7,834		239,062		127,608
Shareholder relations		3,665		4,795		11,886		10,965
Transfer and filing fees		39,693		27,277		64,280		54,143
Travel and entertainment		9,809		4,607		22,606		17,703
	((429,984)	((483,286)	(1	1,223,076)	(1,597,841)
Other items								
Foreign exchange		17,840		1,226		16,960		(2,806)
Interest and accretion income		769		789		2,655		2,322
Gain on revaluation (Note 8)		-	1	,849,788		-	:	2,174,477
		18,609	1	,851,803		19,615		2,173,993
Net (loss) income for the period		(408,639)	1	,368,517	(1	1,199,456)		576,152
Other comprehensive income					•	·		
Change in revaluation reserve (Note 8)	7	,448,349		-	6	6,909,114		-
Comprehensive income for the period	7	,039,710	1	,368,517		5,709,658		576,152
(Loss) earning per share - basic	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.12	\$	(0.09)	\$	0.05
(Loss) earning per share - diluted	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.12	\$	(0.09)	\$	0.05
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	15	,522,329	11	,603,026	13	3,922,185	1	1,012,468

See accompanying notes.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

For the nine months ended November 30,		2024		2023
Operating activities				
Net (loss) income for the period	\$	(1,199,456)	\$	576,152
Items not involving cash:				
Amortization of intangible assets		139,904		772,800
Amortization of property and equipment		1,448		1,498
Interest and accretion		570		409
Gain on revaluation of digital currencies		-		(2,174,477)
Stock-based compensation		239,062		127,608
		(818,472)		(696,010)
Changes non-cash working capital:				
Amounts receivable		-		(7,330)
Prepaid expenses		(101,775)		17,214
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(182,276)		(127,430)
		(284,051)		(117,546)
Cash used in operating activities		(1,102,523)		(813,556)
Financing activities				
Proceeds from share issuance		3,740,000		1,182,000
Share issue costs		(194,038)		(2,275)
Warrants exercised		89,250		-
Cash provided by financing activities		3,635,212		1,179,725
Investing activity				
Purchase of digital currencies		(2,575,000)		-
Purchase of equipment		(4,255)		-
Cash used in investing activity		(2,579,255)		-
Net (outflow) inflow of cash and cash equivalents		(46,566)		366,169
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		1,353,065		548,806
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	1,306,499	\$	914,975
Supplementary disclosures:				
Interest received	\$	3,225	\$	2,702
Cash	\$	1,306,499	\$	896,716
Short-term deposits	Ψ	1,300,433	Ф \$	18,259
Chort torin doposito	\$	1,306,499	<u>Ψ</u> \$	914,975
Addition to restricted cash	\$	1,500,433	- э \$	314,370
Addition to restricted cash	Ф	-	Ф	-

See accompanying notes.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

	Commo	n Shares				
- -	Number	Amount	Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Other nprehensive Income (Note 8)	Total
Balance, March 1, 2024	13,228,026	\$ 57,683,004	\$ 8,842,882	\$ (57,870,813)	\$ 2,747,746	\$ 11,402,819
Cancelled shares (Note7(b))	(208,000)	(740,000)	-	740,000	-	-
Net loss for period		-	-	(1,199,456)	-	(1,199,456)
Private placement (Note7(b))	5,507,692	3,580,000	160,000	-	-	3,740,000
Revaluation of digital currency	-	-	-	-	6,909,114	6,909,114
Share issue costs	-	(309,402)	115,364	-	-	(194,038)
Stock-based payments	-	-	239,062	-	-	239,062
Warrants exercised	105,000	89,250	-	-	-	89,250
Balance, November 30, 2024	18,632,718	\$ 60,302,852	\$ 9,357,308	\$ (58,330,269)	\$ 9,656,860	\$ 20,986,751
Balance, March 1, 2023	9,777,430	\$ 55,853,279	\$ 8,708,237	\$ (55,849,099)	\$ -	\$ 8,712,417
Stock-based payments	-	-	127,608	-	-	127,608
Net loss for period	-	-	-	576,152	-	576,152
Private placement (Note7(b))	1,825,596	1,182,000	-	-	-	1,182,000
Share issue costs	-	(2,275)	-	-	-	(2,275)
Balance, November 30, 2023	11,603,026	\$ 57,033,004	\$ 8,835,845	\$ (55,272,947)	\$ -	\$ 10,595,902

See accompanying notes.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

LQWD Technologies Corp. (the "Company" or "LQWD") is incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia). LQWD is a technology company that is focused on developing various web-based platforms, solutions and applications. The Company's common shares trade on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "LQWD" and on the OTCQX market under the symbol "LQWDF". The Company is located at 1710 – 1050 W. Pender Street, Vancouver, BC, V6E 3S7.

There is no assurance that the Company's business will result in future profitable operations. The business is subject to risk, market conditions, supply and demand, and competition. The Company currently has cash available to meet its administrative overhead and maintain its assets. The recoverability of amounts shown in assets is dependent on several factors. These factors include the ability of the Company to obtain financing to complete the planned international expansion, and future cashflow from the Company's business.

However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to continue to raise funds in the future in which case the Company may be unable to meet its obligations. Should the Company be unable to realize on its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business, the net realizable value of its assets may be materially less than the amounts recorded on the statement of financial position.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. On November 30, 2024, the Company had working capital of \$20,455,758 (February 29, 2024: \$10,734,159). On November 30, 2024, the Company also had an accumulated deficit of \$58,330,269 (February 29, 2024: \$57,870,813).

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND CONSOLIDATION

(a) Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis and have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently by the Company and its subsidiaries.

(b) Basis of measurement

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies set out in Note 3.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the majority of the Company's subsidiaries with the exception of Coronado Resources USA LLC, whose functional currency is US dollar.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND CONSOLIDATION (Continued)

(c) Functional and presentation currency (Continued)

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. At each consolidated statement of financial position date, monetary assets and liabilities are translated using the period end foreign exchange rate. Non-monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies other than the functional currency are translated using the historical rate. All gains and losses on translation of these foreign currency transactions are included in profit and loss.

Assets and liabilities of a subsidiary having a functional currency other than the Canadian dollar are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date, and revenues and expenses at average rates during the period. Gains or losses on translation are presented as a translation adjustment under other comprehensive income or loss, a component of equity.

(d) Basis of consolidation

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned integrated subsidiaries.

The Company's subsidiaries are:

		Proportion of	
	Place of	Ownership	
Name of Subsidiary	Incorporation	Interest	Principal Activity
Coronado Resources USA LLC	USA	100%	Holding Company
LQwD Financial Corp.	Canada	100%	Technology
Skyrun Technology Corp.	Canada	100%	Technology
0980862 B.C. Ltd.	Canada	100%	Holding Company
0997680 B.C. Ltd.	Canada	100%	Holding Company
0997684 B.C. Ltd.	Canada	100%	Holding Company

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Critical accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements is in conformity with IFRS, which requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Material areas requiring the use of management judgements, estimates and assumptions include:

- The determination of the useful life of the intangible assets.
- The assessment of whether certain factors (both internal and external) would be considered an indicator of impairment and whether impairment testing is required on the intangible assets.
- The determination that the Company will continue as a going concern for the next year.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(a) Critical accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions (Continued)

- Digital currencies meet the definition of intangible assets in IAS 38 Intangible Assets. Digital currencies consist of cryptocurrency denominated assets and are included in current assets. Digital currencies are carried at their fair value determined by the spot rate less costs to sell. The digital currency market is still a new market and is highly volatile; historical prices are not necessarily indicative of future value; a significant change in the market prices for digital currencies would have a significant impact on the Company's earnings and financial position. Fair value is determined by taking the price of the digital currencies from coinmarketcap.com. Digital currencies generally meet the relatively wide definition of an intangible asset, as they are identifiable, lack physical substance, are controlled by the holder and give rise to future economic benefits for the holder. Intangible assets should be accounted for under IAS 38, except when they are within the scope of another standard (e.g., crypto-assets that meet the definition of a financial asset under IAS 32 or crypto-assets held for sale in the ordinary course of business under IAS 2).
- The Company is subject to income tax assessment in Canada. Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken in the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Company recognizes liabilities based on the Company's current understanding of tax laws as applied to the Company's circumstances. Where the final outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made. The Company computes an income tax provision in each of the jurisdictions in which it operates. Actual amounts of income tax expense only become final upon filing and acceptance of the tax return by the relevant authorities, which occur subsequent to the issuance of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Additionally, estimating income taxes includes evaluating the recoverability of deferred tax assets based on an assessment of the ability to use the underlying future tax deductions against future taxable income before such deductions expire. The assessment is based upon existing tax laws and estimates of future taxable income. To the extent estimates differ from the final tax return, earnings would be affected in a subsequent period.
- The Company estimates the cost of equity-settled stock-based compensation using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The model takes into account an estimate of the expected life of the option, the current price of the underlying common share, the expected volatility, an estimate of future dividends on the underlying common share, the risk-free rate of return expected for an equity instrument with a term equal to the expected life of the option, and the expected forfeiture rate.
- The Company recognizes revenue on the completion of transaction using the company's infrastructure or for services provided. As consideration for these services, the Company receives digital currencies from the client. Revenue is recognized when the Company receives the fee for a forwarding transaction. For hosting and other services contracts, the Company has determined that the substance of the service contracts is provision of services under IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Revenue is recognized only when the amount of the contract and separate performance obligations are identified, the transaction can be measured reliably, the transaction price can be allocated to the performance obligations, and the performance obligations is satisfied. Accordingly, the Company has determined that revenue should be recognized as the provision of services under the contract is completed. Determination of separate elements under the terms of the contract and completion of performance obligation may be subject to significant judgment exercised by management.
- The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries has been assessed by management based on consideration of the currency and economic factors that mainly influence the Company's digital currencies, operating costs, financing and related transactions. Specifically, the Company considers the currencies in which digital currencies are most commonly denominated and expenses

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(a) Critical accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions (Continued)

are settled by each entity as well as the currency in which each entity receives or raises financing. Changes to these factors may have an impact on the judgment applied in the determination of the Company's functional currency. The application of the Company's accounting policies requires management to use estimates and judgments that can have significant effect on the revenues, expenses, comprehensive income, assets and liabilities recognized and disclosures made in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Management determines the estimated useful lives and residual values of property and equipment
for calculating depreciation. This estimate is determined after considering expected usage of the
assets or physical wear and tear. Management reviews the useful lives and residual value annually
and future depreciation charges are adjusted where management believes the useful lives differ from
previous estimates.

(b) Intangible assets

Intangible assets consist of the Lightning Network and the Lightning Platform.

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognized at cost. The amount initially recognized for internally-generated intangible assets is the sum of the expenditures incurred from the date that the Company can demonstrate all of the following: i) the technical feasibility of completing the intangible assets so that it will be available for use or sale; ii) its intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it; iii) its ability to use or sell the intangible asset; iv) how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits; v) the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and vi) its ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development. Until these criteria are met, expenditures are expensed as incurred. Costs incurred during the operating stage of the platform relating to upgrades and enhancements are capitalized to the extent that they result in the extended life of the product.

Intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The accounting for an intangible asset is based on its useful life. Intangible assets with a finite useful life are amortized over their estimated useful life. Intangible assets with an indefinite useful life are not amortized. Intangible assets under development which are not ready for use are not amortized. The amortization method, estimated useful life, carrying value and residual value are reviewed each financial year-end or more frequently if required, and are adjusted as appropriate. The Lightning Platform and the Lightning Network were assessed as having a useful life of five and seven years respectively based on management's estimate.

(c) Digital currencies

Digital currencies (Note 8) meet the definition of intangible assets in IAS 38 Intangible Assets as they are identifiable non-monetary assets without physical substance. They are initially recorded at the fair value of the acquisition date and the revaluation method is used to measure the digital assets subsequently. Under the revaluation method, increases in fair value are recorded in other comprehensive income, while decreases are recorded in profit or loss.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Digital currencies (Continued)

The Company revalues its digital assets at the end of each of its three interim financial reporting periods and at its annual financial reporting period end date. There is no recycling of gains from other comprehensive income to profit or loss. However, to the extent that an increase in fair value reverses a previous decrease in fair value that has been recorded in profit or loss, that increase is recorded in profit or loss. Decreases in fair value that reverse gains previously recorded in other comprehensive income are recorded in other comprehensive income.

Digital currencies consist solely of Bitcoin and are measured at fair value using the quoted price on CoinMarketCap. Management considers this fair value to be a level two input under IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement fair value hierarchy as the price on this source represents an average of quoted prices on multiple digital currency exchanges. The Company's determination to classify its holding of Bitcoin as current assets is based on management's assessment that its Bitcoin held can be considered a commodity that may be readily sold because liquid markets are available.

(d) Revenue recognition

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers provides a five-step model for the recognition of revenue when control of goods is transferred to, or a service is performed for, the customer. The five steps are to identify the contract(s) with the customer, identify the performance obligations in the contract, determine the transaction price, allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation and recognize revenue as each performance obligation is satisfied.

The Company's revenue consists of service fees earned from customers that use the platform. Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company, delivery of the service has occurred, and collectability is reasonably assured.

(e) Financial instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities, including derivatives, are recognized in the Statement of Financial Position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument or non-financial derivative contract. All financial instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets and financial liabilities, other than financial assets and financial liabilities classified as fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), are added to or deducted from the fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities classified as FVTPL are recognized immediately in net loss.

Classification and subsequent measurement

The Company classifies financial assets, at the time of initial recognition, according to the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. Financial assets are classified in the following measurement categories:

- a) amortized cost
- b) FVTPL, and
- c) fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI").

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost if both the following conditions are met and they are not designated as FVTPL:

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Financial instruments (Continued)

- a. the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- b. the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment, with gains and losses recognized in net income in the period that the asset is derecognized or impaired. All financial assets not classified as amortized cost as described above are measured at FVTPL or FVTOCI depending on the business model and cash flow characteristics. The Company has no financial assets measured at FVTOCI.

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method with gains and losses recognized in net income in the period that the liability is derecognized, except for financial liabilities classified as FVTPL.

Asset / Liability Classification / Measurement

Cash and cash equivalent

Restricted cash

Accounts payables and accrued liabilities

Amortized cost

Amortized cost

Amortized cost

Derecognition

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all of the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity. Gains and losses on derecognition are recognized in the statements of comprehensive loss.

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities only when its obligations under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. Generally, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in the statements of comprehensive loss.

4. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Standards, Amendments and Interpretations Issued but not yet Adopted

The following new standards, amendments and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the period ending November 30, 2024, and, accordingly, have not been applied in preparing these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Amendment to IAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates

The amendments to IAS 21 clarify when a currency is exchangeable and how to determine the exchange rate when it is not. The amendment requires the disclosure of additional information when a currency is not considered exchangeable. The amendments are applied prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Early adoption is permitted. No significant impact to the Company's financial statements is expected.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

4. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Amendment to CSDS1 General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information

CSDS1 includes requirements for sustainability-related financial disclosures with the objective to require an entity to disclose information about its sustainability-related risks and opportunities that is useful to primary users of general purpose financial reports in making decisions relating to providing resources to the entity. The amendments are applied prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. The Company is analysing the potential impact to the financial statements.

Amendment to CSDS2 Climate-related Disclosures

CSDS2 sets out the requirements for identifying, measuring and disclosing information about climate-related risks and opportunities that is useful to primary users of general purpose financial reports in making decisions relating to providing resources to the entity. The amendments are applied prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1,2025. The Company is analysing the potential impact to the financial statements. *Amendment to IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements*

Amendment to IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

IFRS 18 sets out the requirements for all entities applying IFRS for the presentation and disclosure of information in financial statements. The amendments are applied prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. The Company is analysing the potential impact to the financial statements.

5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Lightning	Lightning		-
	Network	Platform	Coincurve	Total
Cost				
At February 28, 2023	\$ 5,696,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 804,601	\$ 6,755,601
Additions	-	-	-	-
At February 29, 2024	5,696,000	220,000	804,601	6,755,601
Additions	-	-	-	-
At November 30, 2024	\$ 5,696,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 804,601	\$ 6,755,601
Accumulated depreciation				_
At February 28, 2023	\$ (1,424,000)	\$ (77,000)	\$ (601,726)	\$ (2,137,726)
Depreciation	(813,714)	(44,000)	(166,048)	(1,023,762)
Impairment	(2,904,150)	(83,136)	-	(2,987,286)
At February 29, 2024	(5,141,864)	(204,136)	(767,774)	(6,148,774)
Depreciation	(97,789)	(5,288)	(36,827)	(139,904)
At November 30, 2024	\$ (5,239,653)	\$(209,424)	\$ (804,601)	\$ (6,288,678)
Net book value				
February 29, 2024	\$ 554,136	\$ 15,864	\$ 36,827	\$ 606,827
November 30, 2024	\$ 456,347	\$ 10,576	\$ -	\$ 466,923

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Computer Equipment		To	otal
Cost	-			
At February 28, 2023	\$	7,160	\$	7,160
Additions		-		-
At February 29, 2024		7,160		7,160
Additions		4,255		4,255
At November 30, 2024	\$	11,415	\$	11,415
Accumulated amortization				
At February 28, 2023	\$	(4,600)	\$	(4,600)
Amortization		(1,997)		(1,997)
At February 29, 2024		(6,657)		(6,657)
Amortization		(1,448)		(1,448)
At November 30, 2024	\$	(8,105)	\$	(8,105)
Net book value				
February 29, 2024	\$	503	\$	503
November 30, 2024	\$	3,310	\$	3,310

7. CAPITAL STOCK

(a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

(b) Issued and outstanding

During the period ended November 30, 2024:

No stock options were exercised.

In November 2024, 105,000 warrants, redeemable for \$0.85 per share, were exercised for gross proceeds of \$89,250.

On November 7, 2024, the Company closed the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement, issuing 2,307,692 units at a price of \$0.65 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,500,000. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each full warrant is exercisable into one common share at an exercise price of \$0.90 per share at any time up to 18 months following the closing date of the private placement. In connection with the second tranche of the private placement, the Company issued to the finder \$27,875 in cash and 30,972 share purchase warrants.

On October 9, 2024, the Company closed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement, issuing 3,200,000 units at a price of \$0.70 per unit for gross proceeds of \$2,240,000. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one common share for a period of 5 years following the closing date with exercise prices as follows: 1/5th of the warrants will have an exercise price of \$1.00 per share; 1/5th of the warrants will have an exercise price of \$1.50 per share; 1/5th of the warrants will have an exercise price of \$1.50 per share; 1/5th of the warrants will have an exercise price of \$2.00 per share. In connection with the first tranche of the private placement, the Company issued to the finder \$112,000 in cash and 160,000 share purchase warrants.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

7. CAPITAL STOCK (Continued)

(b) Issued and outstanding (Continued)

On June 6, 2024, the Company cancelled 208,000 common shares held by a service provider. This cancellation was part of a settlement agreement dated November 29, 2023. Previously, on March 3, 2022, the Company had terminated its service agreement with the provider and requested repayment of \$740,000, which had been advanced for services that were not rendered. In accordance with the settlement agreement, the parties agreed that instead of returning the consideration paid, the service provider would relinquish 208,000 common shares, which had been issued for the same value. As a result, the shares were cancelled, effectively settling the outstanding amount.

During the year ended February 29, 2024:

On January 22, 2024, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 1,625,000 units of the Company at a price of \$0.40 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$650,000. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one warrant exercisable into one common share at a price of \$0.60 per share at any time up to 24 months following the closing date of the private placement. The Company used the residual value method for the pricing of shares and warrants; the warrants were assigned no value.

On June 8, 2023, LQWD closed a non-brokered private placement financing of \$882,000. Under the private placement, LQWD issued 1,356,846 units of the Company at a price of \$0.65 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant, with each warrant being exercisable for one common share at a price of \$0.85 per common share at any time up to 24 months following the closing date of the private placement. The Company used the residual value method for the pricing of shares and warrants; the warrants were assigned no value.

On April 26, 2023, the Company announced it closed a non-brokered private placement financing of \$300,000. Under the private placement, LQWD issued 468,750 units of the Company at a price of \$0.64 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant, with each warrant being exercisable for one common share at an exercise price of \$0.85 per common share at any time up to 36 months following the closing date of the private placement. The Company used the residual value method for the pricing; the warrants were assigned no value.

(c) Incentive share options

The Company has a stock option plan (the "Plan") allowing for the reservation of common shares issuable under the Plan to a maximum 10% of the number of issued and outstanding common shares of the Company at any given time. The term of any stock option granted under the Plan may not exceed five years and the exercise price may not be less than the discounted market price on the grant date. Unless otherwise specified by the Board of Directors at the time of granting an option, and subject to other term limits on option grants set out in the Plan, all options must vest over a minimum of two years except options granted to consultants performing investor relations activities, which options must vest in stages over twelve months with no more than one quarter of the options vesting in any three-month period.

The purpose of the Plan is to provide directors, officers, key employees and certain other persons who provided services to the Company and its subsidiaries with an increased incentive to contribute to the future success and prosperity of the Company. The following is a continuity of outstanding share options:

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

7. CAPITAL STOCK (Continued)

(c) Incentive share options (Continued)

	Number of Options	Weighted A	
Balance at February 28, 2023	597,000	\$	5.47
Granted during the year	100,000		0.60
Balance at February 29, 2024	697,000		4.77
Expired during the period	(67,000)		4.06
Granted during the period	700,000		1.10
Balance at November 30, 2024	1,330,000	\$	2.88

(d) Stock-based compensation

The following summarizes information about share options that are outstanding at November 30, 2024:

Number of Options	Price per Share	Expiry Date	Options Exercisable
100,000	\$6.500	May 20, 2026	100,000
272,500	\$6.000	September 2, 2026	272,500
157,500	\$4.500	December 26, 2026	157,500
100,000	\$0.600	February 1, 2029	50,000
25,000	\$0.970	March 11, 2029	16,667
175,000	\$0.970	March 13, 2029	116,667
500,000	\$1.152	October 27, 2029	-
1,330,000			713,334

As of November 30, 2024, the weighted average contractual remaining life is 3.52 years.

During the nine months ended November 30, 2024, 700,000 stock options were granted, subject to deferred vesting, with a third of the options vesting three months from the grant date, a third of the options vesting six months from the vest date and a third of the options vesting one year from the grant date. The Company recorded compensation expense of \$239,062. During the year ended February 29, 2024, 100,000 stock options were granted, subject to deferred vesting, with a quarter of the options vesting three months from the grant date, a quarter of the options vesting six months from the vest date and half of the options vesting one year from the grant date. The Company recorded compensation expense of \$134,645.

The following summarizes information about share options that are outstanding at February 29, 2024:

Number of	Price per	Expiry	Options
Options	Share	Date	Exercisable
52,000	\$3.50	May 28, 2024	52,000
100,000	\$6.50	May 20, 2026	100,000
287,500	\$6.00	September 2, 2026	287,500
157,500	\$4.50	December 26, 2026	157,500
100,000	\$0.60	February 1, 2029	-
697,000			597,000

As of February 29, 2024, the weighted average contractual remaining life is 2.72 years.

The following assumptions were used for the Black-Scholes option pricing model calculations:

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

7. CAPITAL STOCK (Continued)

(d) Stock-based compensation (Continued)

	Risk-free	Expected stock	Expected option	
	interest rate	price volatility	life in years	Dividend rate
October 27,2024	2.18%	127.53%	5 Years	Nil
March13, 2024	3.50%	133.47%	5 Years	Nil
March 11, 2024	3.42%	133.32%	5 Years	Nil
February 1, 2024	3.34%	130.35%	5 Years	Nil
December 26, 2021	1.15%	131.32%	5 Years	Nil
September 2, 2021	0.72%	131.84%	5 Years	Nil
May 20, 2021	0.87%	138.28%	5 Years	Nil
May 28, 2019	1.34%	123.23%	5 Years	Nil

Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected price volatility. Changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate.

(e) Share purchase warrants

The following is a continuity of outstanding share purchase warrants:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Price pe	
Balance at February 28, 2023	1,293,677	\$	4.80
Expired during the year	(1,293,677)		4.80
Granted during the year	3,450,596		0.73
Balance at February 29, 2024	3,450,596		0.73
Exercised during the period	(105,000)		0.85
Granted during the period	4,544,818		1.34
Balance at November 30, 2024	7,890,414	\$	1.08

The following summarizes information about the warrants that are outstanding at November 30, 2024.

Number of	Price per	Expiry
Warrants	Share	Date
468,750	\$0.85	April 26, 2026
1,251,846	\$0.85	June 8, 2025
1,625,000	\$0.60	January 22, 2026
672,000	\$1.00	October 10, 2029
672,000	\$1.25	October 10, 2029
672,000	\$1.50	October 10, 2029
672,000	\$1.75	October 10, 2029
672,000	\$2.00	October 10, 2029
1,184,818	\$0.90	May 8, 2026
7,890,414		

As of November 30, 2024, the weighted average contractual remaining life is 2.69 years.

The following summarizes information about the warrants that are outstanding at February 29, 2024.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

7. CAPITAL STOCK (Continued)

(e) Share purchase warrants (Continued)

Number of	Price per	Expiry
Warrants	Share	Date
468,750	\$0.85	April 26, 2026
1,356,846	\$0.85	June 8, 2025
1,625,000	\$0.60	January 22, 2026
3,450,596		

As of February 29, 2024, the weighted average contractual remaining life is 1.69 years.

(f) Performance-based share purchase warrants

In connection with the Transaction completed on June 9, 2021, the Company granted 400,000 performance warrants to directors and officers at an exercise price of \$1.50 per warrant share with an expiration date of January 2, 2025.

The performance warrants are subject to vesting upon the achievement of certain milestones by certain dates, as set out below:

	On or before	Number of Performance Warrants	Exercise price of vested performance warrants	Number of performance warrants vested
LSP services, payment channels and watchtowers established	June 30, 2021	100,000	\$1.50	100,000
Launch of Bitcoin staking on LN channels and payment routing tools	December 31, 2021	100,000	\$1.50	100,000
Launch of LQwD money financial portal	December 31, 2022	100,000	\$1.50	Cancelled
 Application/integration of analytics, machine learning and data API 	December 31, 2023	100,000	\$1.50	Cancelled
		400,000		200,000

(g) Contributed surplus

The following summarizes information about contributed surplus as at November 30, 2024.

			Performance	
			based share	
			purchase	
	Options	Warrants	warrants	Total
Contributed surplus	\$ 4,695,509	\$ 1,122,654	\$ 3,539,145	\$ 9,357,308

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

8. DIGITAL CURRENCIES

Digital currencies consist of Bitcoin coins. Below is a continuity of digital currencies acquired through purchase during the year. The fair value of digital currencies at November 30, 2024 is \$19,092,295 (February 29, 2024 - \$9,612,743. The original cost of the 141 Bitcoin was \$9,601,028 (February 29, 2024 - \$7,030,666).

	Novemb	er 30, 2024	February 29, 2024		
	Bitcoin	\$	Bitcoin	\$	
Opening balance	115.50	9,612,743	112.76	3,638,698	
Revenue	0.04	4,005	0.01	506	
Fees	(0.11)	(8,567)	(0.27)	(12,184)	
Purchases	25.71	2,575,000	-	-	
Revaluation of digital currency(1)	-	6,909,114	-	2,514,996	
Recognition of digital currency(1)	-	-	3.00	232,750	
Gain on revaluation	-	-	-	3,160,795	
Gain on sale	-	-	-	77,182	
Ending balance	141.14	19,092,295	115.50	9,612,743	

¹⁾ The revaluation of digital currency and the recognition of digital currency are included in other comprehensive income.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances relating to key management personnel were as follows:

	November 30, 2024	November 30, 2023
	November 30, 2024	November 30, 2023
Research and development	\$ 90,000	\$ 90,000
Salaries	108,000	108,000
Stock-based compensation	117,572	105,708
	\$ 315,572	\$ 303,708

At November 30, 2024, \$nil (2023 - \$45) is owing to key management personnel and is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

During the period ended November 30, 2024, the Company was charged \$10,318 (2023 - \$9,000) by TAG Oil Ltd. a Canadian related company with similar key management personnel for office rent and IT support. At November 30, 2024, \$868 (2023 - \$nil) is owing to the Canadian related company with similar key management personnel and is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

All transactions and balances are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to the following risks:

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if counterparties do not fulfill their contractual obligations. Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash bank balances and short-term deposits. The Company's short-term investments are held with a Canadian chartered bank and are monitored to ensure a stable return. The Company's short-term investments currently consist of term deposits and bank deposits as it is not the Company's policy to utilize complex, higher-risk investment vehicles.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK (Continued)

The carrying amount of amounts receivable, cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash represents the maximum credit exposure.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Company's cash flows, net income and comprehensive income. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable limits, while maximizing returns.

Foreign Exchange Risk

The Company currently does not have significant exposure to other currencies, other than digital currencies which are US dollar denominated. The potential impact of foreign exchange risk relating to digital currencies is assessed as high.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its purchases and capital commitments, and other financial obligations as they are due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, to the extent possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due without incurring unacceptable losses or risking harm to the Company's reputation.

The Company's liquidity is dependent upon maintaining its current working capital balances, operating cash flows and ability to raise funds. To forecast and monitor liquidity, the Company prepares operating and capital expenditure budgets which are monitored and updated as considered necessary. Considering these circumstances and the Company's cash balance, liquidity risk is assessed as low.

As at November 30, 2024, the contractual maturities of financial liabilities were as follows:

		Contractual	NAPAL: 4	40	0.4.0	0.4	
	Carrying	Cash	Within 1	1 to 2	2 to 3	3 to 4	+ 4
	Amount	Flows	Year	Year	Year	Years	Years
Trade payable and							
accrued liabilities	\$61,178	\$61,178	\$61,178	-	-	-	-
Total	\$61,178	\$61,178	\$61,178	-	-	-	-

As at February 29, 2024, the contractual maturities of financial liabilities were as follows:

		Contractual					
	Carrying	Cash	Within 1	1 to 2	2 to 3	3 to 4	+ 4
	Amount	Flows	Year	Year	Year	Years	Years
Accounts payable and							
accrued liabilities	\$248,016	\$248,016	\$248,016	-	-	-	-
Total	\$248,016	\$248,016	\$248,016	-	-	-	-

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its cash and cash equivalents. Most of these deposits have been in discounted instruments with pre-determined fixed yields. Interest rate movements will affect the fair value of these instruments, so the Company manages maturity dates of these instruments to match cash flow needs, enabling realization at no loss in almost all cases. Interest rate risk is assessed as low.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK (Continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments and Digital Assets

The carrying value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities carried at amortized cost approximates their fair value due to the short-term life of these instruments. Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The Company's assets and liabilities carried at fair value are as follows:

	Fair Value		
	Level	November 30, 2024	February 29, 2024
		\$	\$
Digital assets:			
Digital currencies	2	19,092,295	9,612,743

The Company's digital currencies are classified as level 2. During the three and nine month period ended November 30, 2024, and year ended February 29, 2024, there were no transfers between level 1, level 2 and level 3.

11. DIGITAL CURRENCY AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Digital currencies are measured based on their fair values, determined using the daily weighted close price for the digital currency on coinmarketcap.com.

Digital currency prices are affected by various forces including global supply and demand, interest rates, exchange rates, inflation or deflation and the global political and economic conditions. The profitability of the Company is affected by the current and future market price of digital currencies; in addition, the Company may not be able to liquidate its inventory of digital currencies at its desired price if required. A decline in the market prices for digital currencies could negatively impact the Company's future operations. The Company from time to time converts its digital currency but has not entered into any hedge transactions.

Digital currencies have a limited history, and the fair value historically has been very volatile. Historical performances of digital currencies are not indicative of their future price performance. The Company's digital currencies consist primarily of Bitcoin. The impact of a 25% variance in the price of this digital currency on the Company's earnings before tax, based on their closing prices at November 30, 2024, would be approximately \$4,773,074 (2023 - \$990,843).

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three and Nine Month Period Ended November 30, 2024 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars except as otherwise stated)

12. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the future development of the business and maintaining investor, creditor, and market confidence.

The Company defines its capital as shareholders' equity and working capital. The Board of Directors does not establish a quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. If adjustments to the capital structure are required, the Company may consider issuing additional equity, raising debt or revising its capital investment programs.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements or restrictions. The Company has not paid or declared any dividends since the date of incorporation, nor are any contemplated. The Company may require equity issues to cover administrative and operating costs.

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On December 23, 2024, the Company closed its non-brokered private placement, issuing 2,000,000 units at a price of \$1.50 per unit for gross proceeds of \$3,000,000. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each full warrant is exercisable into one common share at an exercise price of \$2.00 per share at any time up to 18 months following the closing date of the private placement.